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# B.Com. DEGREE (C.B.C.S.S.) EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2012

### First Semester

Core Course III—BUSINESS REGULATORY FRAMEWORK

(Common for Model I, Model II and UGC sponsored B.Com. Degree Programmes)

[Prior to 2012 admissions]

Time: Three Hours

Maximum Weight: 25

#### Section A

Answer all questions.

Each bunch of four questions carries a weight of 1.

- Choose the correct answer from the choices given: 1 The terms of an offer must be: (b) Certain. (a) Express. (c) Written. (d) None of these. 2 A contract which ceases to be enforceable by law is called: (b) Invalid contract. (a) Void contract. (d) Voidable contract. (c) Valid contract. 3 The person who gives the guarantee is called: (b) Principal. (a) Agent. (c) Indemnifier. (d) Surety.
  - 4 which of the following are the essentials of valid bailment:
    - (a) Agreement.

(b) Delivery of goods.

(c) Purpose.

- (d) All of the above.
- II. State whether the statements are True or False:
  - 5 Law of contract is the law of all obligation.
  - 6 An advertisement offering reward to anyone who finds the lost dog of the advertiser is not an offer.
  - 7 A minor may be an agent.
  - 8 A gratuitous contract of agency is invalid.
- III. Fill in the blanks:
  - 9 The object of digital signature is to recognise transactions carried out by means of —
  - 10 A promise made in consideration of other party's promise is \_\_\_\_\_\_
  - 11 ——— is one who makes bargains for another and receives commission.
  - 12 Breach of a contract before its performance is \_\_\_\_\_\_

Turn over

IV.	Answer	in a	word	or p	hrase	:
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- 13 An agreement not enforceable by law is called
- 14 What do you call a contract which can be avoided at the option of the aggrieved party?
- 15 What do you call the delivery of goods by one person to another for some specific purpose?
- agreement, the ownership of the goods is transferred only when all agreed number of instalments are paid.

 $(4 \times 1 = 4)$ 

### Section B

Answer any five questions. Each question carries a weight of 1.

- 17 Define Voidable contract.
- 18 What is open offer?
- 19 What do you mean by capacity to contract?
- 20 Define fraud.
- 21 What is suit for injunction?
- 22 Define contract of indemnity.
- 23 Define mortgage.
- 24 Who is a subscriber?

## Section C

Answer any four questions.. Each question carries a weight of 2.

- 25 What is auction sale? Explain the procedure of auction sale.
- 26 Explain agency by ratification. What are the essentials fo valid ratification?
- Distinguish between Pledge and Bailment.
- Explain different kinds of guarantee.
- What is meant by Quasi Contract? Explain the difference kinds of quasi contract.
- 30 Define undue influence. What are the essential elements of undue influence?

 $(4\times 2=8)$ 

## Section D

Answer any two questions. Each question carries a weight of 4.

- 31 Define the term acceptance. Explain the essential elements of valid acceptance.
- 32 Explain the different methods of discharging the liability of the surety.
- 33 What is the significanc of Information Technology Act, 2000? What are its drawbacks?

 $(2 \times 4 = 8)$